MIGRATION EXPERIENCES SHAPE ACCESS TO HEALTHCARE



What did we aim to do?

• We aimed to understand how home, travel, and transit experiences shape immigrant women's needs, desires, and expectations of health services in British Columbia (BC).

What did we learn?

- Traumatic experiences at home and while travelling increased the need for mental health and other services in BC; however, these experiences led to system mistrust and fear that impeded timely access.
- Moving to Canada resulted in greater barriers to healthcare for immigrant women, including long wait times and system navigation challenges. Many relied on community organizations to access care.
- Although some immigrant women expected healthcare access to improve in Canada, medical visits were uncertain, more costly, and disrespectful compared to those in home and transit settings.
- Some women found that testing, treatment, and health information, particularly those provided by community organizations, were easier to access in BC than in home and transit.

When I came to Canada, I had the need to see a gynecologist because I came pregnant. Well, we have found out the situation here is that one cannot apply directly to a specialist doctor, but instead you have to have your family doctor refer you... in my country, one goes directly to the doctor one wants.



Who did we speak to?

33 immigrant women from December 2018-January 2020. At the time of each interview, participants

- Were between ages 18 and 41.
- Were permanent residents, citizens, or had experience of precarious immigration status as undocumented residents, asylum seekers, visitors, and workers.

What are we calling for?

- Collaboration between immigration and health systems, immigrant communities, and immigrant-serving organizations.
- Community-centered and language-specific health system information prior to and upon arrival in Canada.
- Comprehensive health assessments that center migration experiences.
- Health provider training in trauma-informed practices and cultural humility, as well as time and compensation for providers to engage in this training.
- Funding for community-based organizations to expand service eligibility to include all immigrant women, regardless of immigration status.

*The term *im/migrant* includes all immigrants and migrants, including those who arrive through permanent and temporary pathways or without official status.



Find the full paper here: https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35963165/

About the IRIS Project



IRIS is a UBC and SFU research project housed at the Centre for Gender & Sexual Health Equity, in partnership with community-based im/migrant-serving organizations across Metro Vancouver. IRIS is a mixed-methods, community-based study which aims to understand patterns and determinants of access to healthcare for im/migrants in British Columbia, including sexual and reproductive healthcare, as well as COVID-19 related care.













